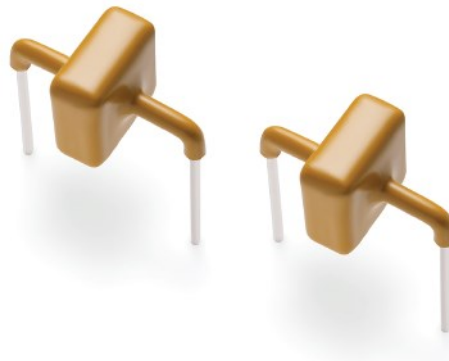




Description

The SPCL15 series of high power TVS diode is specially designed for meeting severe surge test environment of both AC and DC line protection applications. It features a very fast response and ultra low clamping characteristics over traditional metal oxide varistor (MOV) solutions. They can be connected in series and / or parallel to create a very high surge current protection solution.

Applications

- Communication Equipment
- Security & Protection
- Industrial Control Equipment
- Power Supply
- Automotive Electronics
- New Energy
- Lightning Protection

Features

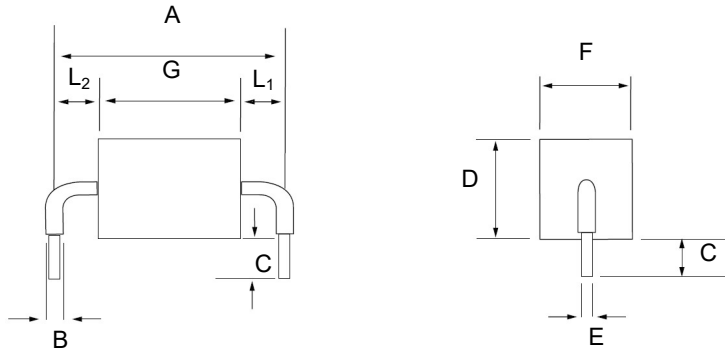
- Very low clamping voltage
- Sharp breakdown voltage
- Low slope resistance
- Bi-directional
- Snapback technology for superior clamping factor
- Symmetric in leads width for easier soldering during assembly.
- IEC-61000-4-2 ESD 30 kV (Air), 30 kV (Contact)
- ESD protection of data lines in accordance with IEC 61000-4-2
- EFT protection of data lines in accordance with IEC 61000-4-4
- Halogen-free
- RoHS compliant
- Glass passivated junction
- Pb-free E4 means 2nd level interconnect is Pb-free and the terminal finish material is Silver

Functional Diagram



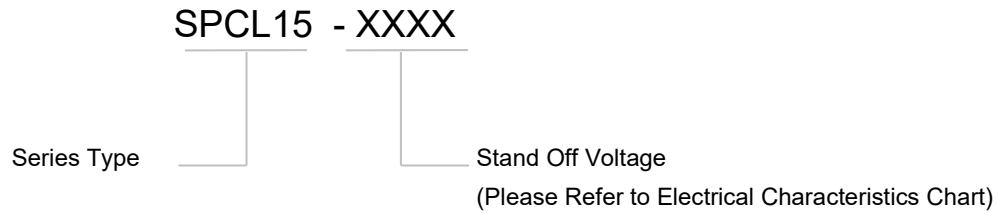
Bi-Directional

Package Outline Dimensions

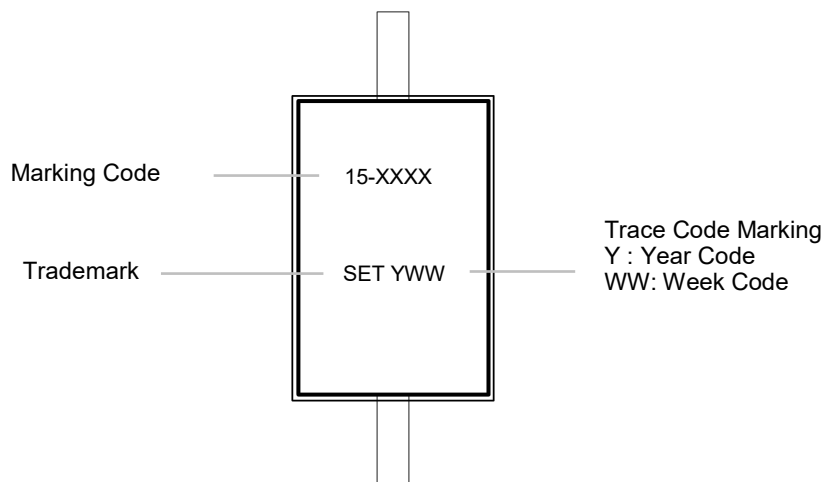


Symbol	Millimeters	Inches
A	24.15 ± 0.8	0.95 ± 0.03
B	2.50 ± 0.70	0.100 ± 0.028
C	6.00 ± 1.0	0.236 ± 0.04
D	16.0 ± 1.4	0.630 ± 0.055
E	1.28 ± 0.05	0.051 ± 0.002
F	14.9 ± 1.4	0.587 ± 0.055
G - 058C	7.41 ± 1.20	0.292 ± 0.047
G - 066C / 076C	8.91 ± 1.20	0.351 ± 0.047
G - 190C	9.20 ± 1.20	0.362 ± 0.047
G - 380C	17.30 ± 1.20	0.681 ± 0.047
L ₁ / L ₂	L ₁ = L ₂ Tolerance ± 1.0 mm (0 .04 inch)	

Part Numbering System



Marking



Top View

Glossary

Item	Description
V_C	Clamping Voltage Voltage across TVS in a region of low differential resistance that serves to limit the voltage across the device terminals.
V_R	Reverse Stand-off Voltage Maximum voltage that can be applied to the TVS without operation. NOTE : It is also shown as V_{WM} (maximum working voltage (maximum d.c. voltage)) and known as rated stand-off voltage (V_{so}).
I_R	Reverse Leakage Current Current measured at V_R . NOTE : Also shown as I_D for stand-by current.
V_{BR}	Breakdown Voltage Voltage across TVS at a specified current I_T in the breakdown region.
I_{PPM}	Rated Random Recurring Peak Impulse Current Maximum-rated value of random recurring peak impulse current that may be applied to a device.
$P_{M(AV)}$	Rated Average Power Dissipation Maximum-rated value of power dissipation resulting from all sources, including transients and standby current, averaged over a short period of time.
P_{PPM}	Rated Random Recurring Peak Impulse Power Dissipation Maximum-rated value of the product of rated random recurring peak impulse current (I_{PPM}) multiplies by specified maximum clamping voltage (V_C).
C_J	Capacitance Capacitance across the TVS measured at a specified frequency and voltage.
V_{FS}	Peak Forward Surge Voltage Peak voltage across an TVS for a specified forward surge current (I_{FS}) and time duration. NOTE : Also shown as V_F .
I_{FS}	Forward Surge Current Pulsed current through TVS in the forward conducting region. NOTE : Also shown as I_F .
$\alpha_{V(BR)}$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage The change of breakdown voltage divided by the change of temperature.
I_{PP}	Peak pulse Current Peak pulse current value applied across the TVS to determine the clamping voltage V_C for a specified wave shape.
I_T	Pulsed D.C. Test Current Test current for measurement of the breakdown voltage V_{BR} . This is defined by the manufacturer and usually given in milliamperes with a pulse duration of less than 40 ms. NOTE : Also shown as I_{BR} .

—(GB-T 18802.321 / IEC 61643-321 / JESD210A)

TVS Diodes

Transient Voltage Suppression Diodes

SPCL15 Series (15 kA)

Electrical Characteristics (T_A=25 °C unless otherwise noted)Table 1

Part Number	Device Marking Code	Breakdown Voltage V _{BR} @I _T		Test Current I _T	Stand-off Voltage V _R	Max. Reverse Leakage I _R @V _R	Typical I _R @85°C	Max. Clamping Voltage V _{CL} @ I _{pp} Peak Pulse Current (I _{pp})			Max. Temp Coefficient OF V _{BR}	Max. Capacitance 0 Bias 10kHz
		Min	Max					I _{pp} (8/20 μs) (A)	I _{pp} (10/350 μs) (A)	V _{CL} (V)		
		(V)	(mA)	(V)	(μA)	(μA)	(%) / °C	(nF)				
SPCL15 - 058C	15 - 058C	64	70	10	58	10	15	15000	2000	110	0.1	16
SPCL15 - 066C	15 - 066C	72	80	10	66	10	15	15000	2000	120	0.1	12
SPCL15 - 076C	15 - 076C	85	95	10	76	10	15	15000	2000	150	0.1	12
SPCL15 - 190C	15 - 190C	200	245	10	190	10	15	15000	1500	290	0.1	5
SPCL15 - 380C	15 - 380C	401	443	10	380	10	15	15000	1100	520	0.1	4

Maximum Ratings and Characteristics

(T_A = 25 °C unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Operating Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-55 to 150	°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range	T _J	-55 to 125	°C
Current Rating (Note 1)	I _{pp}	15	kA

Ratings and Characteristic Curves ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

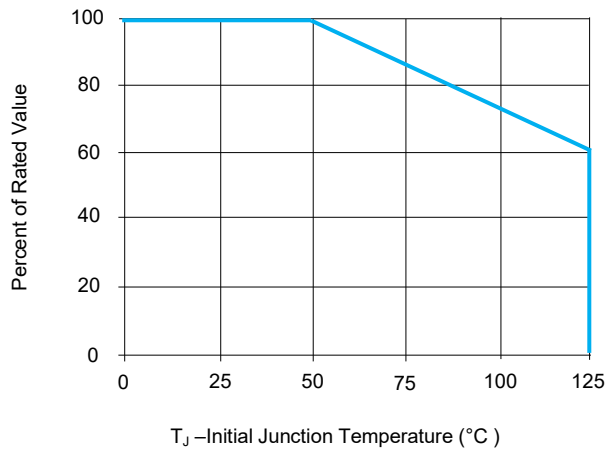


FIGURE 1 Peak Pulse Power Derating Curve

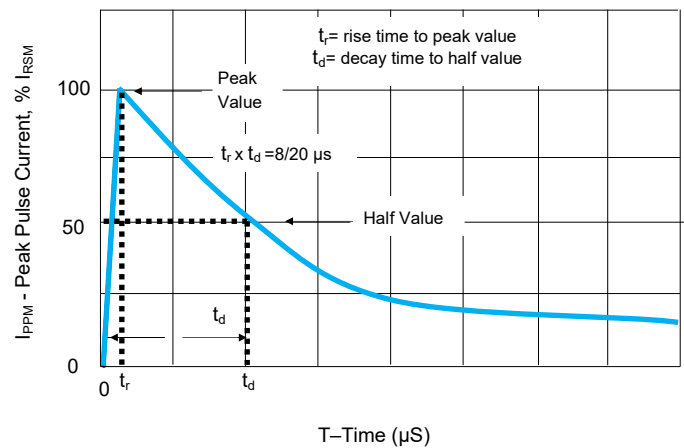


FIGURE 2 Pulse Waveform

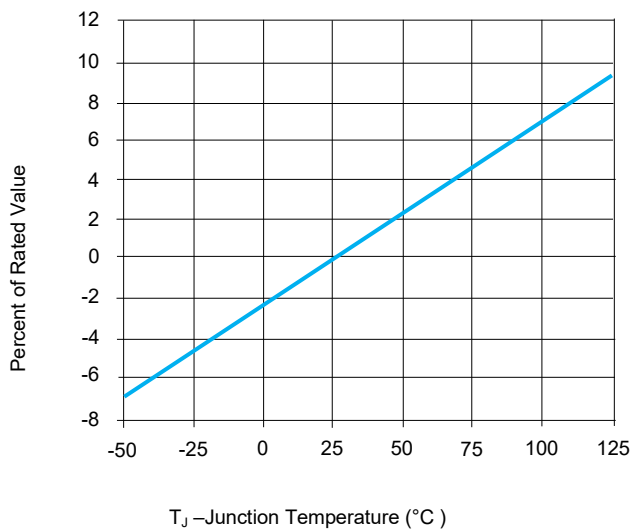


FIGURE 3 Typical V_{BR} vs Junction Temperature

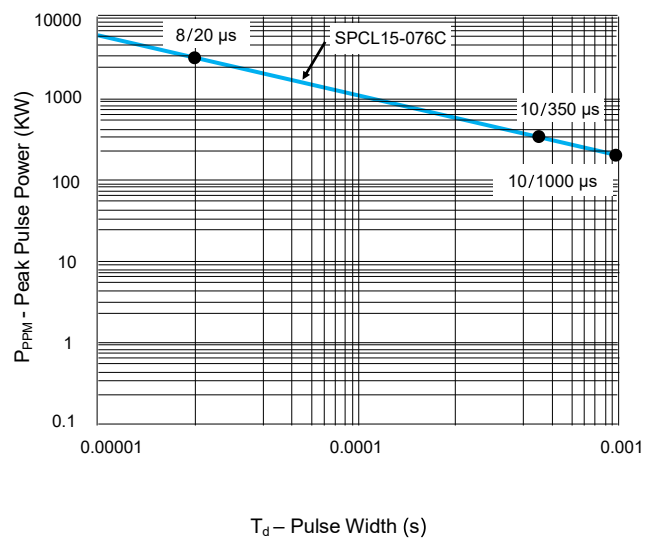
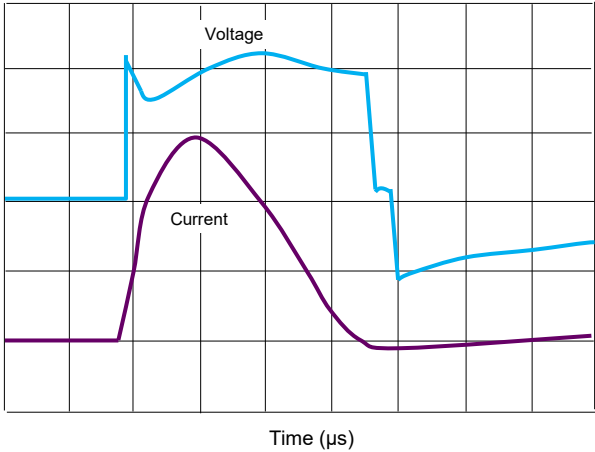


FIGURE 4 Peak Pulse Power Rating Curve

TVS Diodes

Transient Voltage Suppression Diodes

SPCL15 Series (15 kA)



Note: The power dissipation causes a change in avalanche voltage during the surge and the avalanche voltage eventually returns to the original value when the transient has passed.

FIGURE 7 Surge Response (8/20 Surge current waveform)

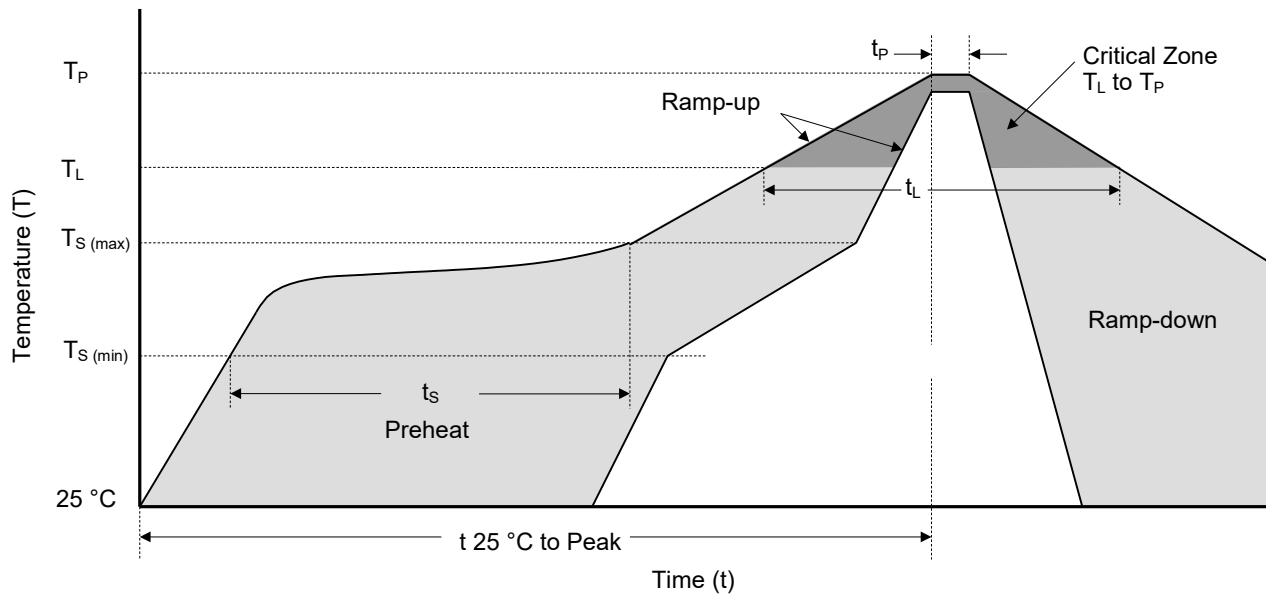
Flow/Wave Soldering (Solder Dipping)

Peak Temperature	260 °C +0 / -5 °C
Dipping Time	10 seconds
Soldering Number	1 time

Physical Specifications

Weight	Contact manufacturer
Case	Epoxy encapsulated
Terminal	Silver plated leads, solderability per MIL-STD-750 Method 2026

Soldering Parameters



Reflowing Condition

Reflow Soldering Parameters		Lead-Free Assembly
Pre-heat	Temperature Min ($T_{S(min)}$)	150 °C
	Temperature Max ($T_{S(max)}$)	200 °C
	Time (min to max) (t_s)	60 ~ 120 seconds
Average Ramp Up Rate (Liquidus Temp (T_L) to Peak)		3 °C / second max.
$T_{S(max)}$ to T_L Ramp-up Rate		3 °C / second max.
Reflow	Temperature (T_L) (Liquidus)	217 °C
	Time (min to max) (t_L)	60 ~ 150 seconds
Peak Temperature (T_P)		260 ^{+0/-5} °C
Time of within 5 °C of Actual Peak Temperature (t_p)		20 ~ 40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate		6 °C / second max.
Time from 25 °C to Peak Temperature		8 Minutes max.
Do Not Exceed		260 °C

Packaging Information

Part Number	Package	Quantity	Packaging Option
SPCL15-XXXX	SPCL Package	56 PCS / Box	Bulk
SPCL15-XXXX-12	SPCL Package	12PCS / Box	Bulk

TVS

TVS



ATTENTION

Usage

1. TVS must be operated in the specified ambient temp.
2. Do not clean the TVS with strong polar solvent such as ketone, esters, benzene and halogenated hydrocarbon, to avoid damaging the encapsulating layer.
3. Please do not apply severe vibration, shock or pressure to TVS, to avoid element cracking.

Replacement

1. If TVS is visually damaged, please replace it.
2. TVS is a non-repairable product. For safety sake, please use equivalent TVS for replacement.

Storage

1. Storage Temp. Range: (-55 to 150) °C.
2. Do not store the TVS at the high temp., high humidity or corrosive gas environment, to avoid influencing the solder-ability of the lead wires. The product shall be used up within 1 year after receiving the goods.

Environmental Conditions

1. TVS should not be exposed to the open air, nor direct sunshine.
2. TVS should avoid rain, water vapor or other condition of high temp. and high humidity.
3. TVS should avoid sand dust, salt mist, or other harmful gases.

Max. Typical Capacitance of TVS

The typical capacitance of TVS is listed in the specifications. Designers may refer to it when designing TVS in High frequency circuit.

Installation Mechanical Stress

1. Do not knock TVS when installing, to avoid mechanical damage.
2. Please do not apply severe vibration, shock or pressure to TVS, to avoid surface resin or element cracking.